



MultiGas Ultraviolet Module NDUV

NON-DISPERSIVE ULTRAVIOLET SENSOR (NDUV) SENSORS

O3 CL2 CLO2 CS2 SO2 H2S NOX NO2 NO

Featuring high-performance light-emitting diodes (UV-LED) and gas discharge lamps (EDL)



Overview

The RITTER MultiGas Sensors NDUV Module (non-dispersive UV sensor) has also been specially developed for use in high quality gas analysis. In the design phase special emphasis was placed on high stability and a low detection limit. These goals could be fully achieved by using high-performance light-emitting diodes (UV-LED) and gas discharge lamps (EDL) which were adapted to the requirements of gas detection technology. In the spectral range from 200 nm to 405 nm, nitrogen oxides, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones, ozone, sulphur dioxide and halogens can be used with this novel sensor platform, partly detected reliably in the ppb range.

The various photometric components such as detectors, emitters, measuring sample cell, etc. will be assembled user-specifically in a high-quality tabletop casing by RITTER.

Applications

- Biogas research
- Environmental and process measuring technology.





- Elemental analysis
- TOC-analysers
- Industrial gas analysis
- Natural gas analysis



Characteristics and Benefits

- Group of detectable gases: O3 CL2 H2S SO2 NO2
- Measurement technology: Innovative NDUV-Sensor (non-dispersive ultraviolet sensor)
- Measurement accuracy ±2% of Full Scale (F.S.)
- No cross-sensitivity to H2
- Operating temperature: 5 45 °C
- Operating pressure: 800 1200 mbar (hPa) abs.
- Flow rate range: 1 ltr/day 100 ltr/h
- Warm-up time: 1 min
- Response time (t90): ≈ 1-2 sec depending on gas
- In tabletop casing, overall dimensions W x H x L 171 x 85 x 246 mm, weight approx.
 1,9 kg
- Gas connection: PVDF screw-type tube connection for tube Øi 4 mm, Øa 6 mm
- Power supply: 24 VDC (incl. power plug 100 240 VAC / 24 VDC)

In contrast to photometric NDUV sensors the lifetime of electrochemical sensors for measurement of H2S is limited. Please note that lifetime data for such sensors are given for air and not for measurement of H2S. For H2S concentrations > 200 ppm the lifetime is reduced, for concentrations > 1000 ppm critical. While the measurement performance of UV-LED is constant, EC sensors are becoming »deaf«.





General Features								
Measurement technology:	Innovative NDUV Sensor (non-dispersive ultraviolet sensor)							
Detectable gases:	O3 CL2 H2S SO2 NO2							
Number of simultaneously detectable gases:	max. 2							
Measurement ranges:	See below							
Flow rate range:	1 ltr/d ~ 300 ltr/h – For higher flow rates the							
	sensor can be operated in bypass							
Max. gas inlet pressure:	300 mbar							
Pressure loss (without additional optional	10 @ 100 / 35 @ 200 / 70 @ 300 (mbar @ ltr/h							
sensors):								
Temperature compensation:	Yes							
Data acquisition software:	Yes							
Lifetime of UV radiation source:	> 8 000 h							
Measurement cuvette:	Stainless steel with silicone coating inside							
Cuvette sealing:	Viton O-ring							
Casing:	High-quality table-top casing, aluminium							
Dimensions (W x H x L):	464 x 189 x 305 mm							
Weight:	approx. 6.5+ kg							
Gas connections:	PVDF screw-type tube connection for tube Øi							
	4mm, Øo 6 mm							

Measuring response							
Linearity error:	< ± 1% F.S.						
Repeatability:	± 0.5% F.S.						
Long term stability zero N2:	< ± 1% F.S. / 24h						
Long term stability span:	< ± 2% F.S. / month						
Temperature influence of zero point	< 1% F.S. / 10K						
Temperature influence of span:	< 2% F.S. / 10K						
Cross sensitivity:	< 2% F.S.						
Pressure influence:	< 1.5% / 10hPa of reading						
Warm-up time:	1 min (initial), <60 min for full specification						
Response time (t):	1.5 – 15 sec						
Sampling frequency by software:	≤ 10 Hz						
Detection limit:	See below						
Resolution:	0.5 x detection limit						





24 VDC incl. power plug 100 ~ 240 VAC						
/24 VDC						
<0.4 A						
< 7.5 W						
USB (standard), RS232 (option) – incl. data						
transmission cable 1 m						
0 – 2 V / 0 – 5 V / 0 – 10 V						
+25 ~ +45 °C						
–20 ~ +60 °C						
800 ~ 1200 hPa (mbar)						
0 ~ 95% rel. humidity						
Condensing inside of sensor must be prevented!						





List of standard measurement ranges *1 (and detection limits *2)

	Standard Measuring Ranges with respective Detection Limits (% of F.S. \star3)															
	100	50	30	20	10	5	1	5,000	2,000	1,000	500	300	100	50	10	1
	Vol.%	Vol.%	Vol.%	Vol.%	Vol.%	Vol.%	Vol.%	ppm	ppm							
03								(< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.2%)		~ (< 0.5%)	~ (< 0.5%)	~ (< 0.5%)	~
CL ₂	~		~ (< 0.1%)	~	~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	(< 0.1%)	(< 0.1%)	(< 0.1%)	(< 0.1%)	(< 0.2%)	~	(< 0.5%)			
50 ₂					~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	(< 0.1%)	(< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	(< 0.5%)	~ (< 0.5%)	~ (< 0.5%)	
H ₂ S							~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.2%)	~	~ (< 0.5%)			
NO ₂								~ (< 0.1%)	~ (< 0.1%)	(< 0.1%)	(< 0.2%)	~ (< 0.2%)	(< 0.5%)	~ (< 0.5%)	~ (< 0.5%)	
NO								(< 0.1%)	(< 0.1%)	(< 0.1%)	(< 0.2%)	(< 0.2%)				

*1 A standard measurement range is defined by 🗸 / *2 (= 3 σ) in Percent of Full Scale / *3 F.S. = Full Scale / *4 Calibration with Propane

Infrared module NDIR Ultraviolet module NDUV





Definition of Detection Limit

The Detection Limit is the smallest measurement value which can be obtained with a specific uncertainty. This uncertainty includes the resolution, noise, and stability of the gas sensor for a specific gas and specific measurement range. For evaluation of the detection limit value, several single measurements are taken at the identical measurement conditions. With the obtained single measurement results the standard deviation "Sigma" (σ) is calculated. The values given in the table equal the triple amount of Sigma.

Recalibrations

The following recalibration intervals are recommended for UV sensors:

- Zero-point:
- Concentrations < 300 ppm: Every 48 hours with inert gas, e.g. Nitrogen
- Concentrations \geq 300 ppm: Every 24 hours with inert gas, e.g. Nitrogen

The recalibration of the zero point is described in the software manual.

• Endpoint (full scale): Every 3 months with suitable calibration gas